# **Annual Progress Report**

2018-19



# **Society for Animal Health Agriculture Science & Humanity**

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# Society for Animal Health Agriculture Science & Humanity Munshiganj Post: H.A.L. Korwa Distt.: Amethi (U.P.)-227412

#### **Mission and Vision:**

SAHASH is a non-profit organization with a mission to think, promise and work together within India to achieve a lasting improvement in the quality of life of the poor. SAHASH is dedicated to the betterment of society; Economically, Educationally and culturally. To achieve the goal SAHASH deals in the fields of Child Protection & Education, Human Rights & Humanity, Rural Development, Health Care, Women Empowerment, Environmental Conservation, and Agriculture. To work for deprived people for their upliftment and betterment with special emphasis on children, farmers and women and to provide them with livelihood opportunities and bring them into the mainstream of society.

#### **Introduction:**

We began in 2006 as small a organization in a village Munshiganj, Tehsil of Amethi, District: Amethi Uttar Pradesh (India) with a small vocational centre for women and girls. Now SAHASH has grown to be the provider of permanent supportive educational services in rural villages for children of age 2-5 years with model, charts and toys. Also provide training to farmers for self-employment in irrespective of gender and promote them to cultivate the medicinal plants. We have trained more than 1200 women/girls to overcome physical disability, unemployment, and the barriers of poverty. We provide innovative and creative solutions to help women achieve their goals through our award-winning programs and services. Our programmes are Handicrafts promotion, self-Employment promotion, Farmers training, Continuing Education for old, Awareness camps like Health, Environment, Road Safety, Bonded Labour and Women awareness. Beyond this work for the Leprosy affected people, Schedule Caste, Schedule Tribes, and homeless people for shelter. SAHASH main objective is to help poor, dalits and aware for the rights. SAHASH work for backward community and their development with educationally culturally.

## **Coverage Area of Society:**

SAHASH working all over India but limited to the programs. SAHASH Working in the villages-Munshiganj,SarayKhema,Dandupur,Teri,Katramaharani,Matiyar Bagura, Dandupur of Block Amethi, Pendoria, Thaura, Kurmikapurwa, Bhetwa,Tikri, Katergaon of Block Bhetwa,Tandwa, Nehrepur, Gartholia, Ujjaini of block Shahgargh, Bhadar of District-Amethi.SAHASH also work outside these Blocks where basic amenities are required such as food rich in vitamins and proteins, clothing, housing, fresh water and health. These are not accessible for target groups. Many people are fighting for basics like food, house. We have to aware them about Education Health and Laws -Rights. Now expanded work outside Uttar Pradesh, Kurushetra(Haryana), Senapati and Tamenglong(Manipur),North-EastDelhi(Delhi),Dhanbad(Jharkhand) and Araria(Bihar).

# Main activities of the organization:

- 1. **Health Awareness programme:** On 24<sup>th</sup> March 2019, World TB Day was celebrated with a theme: It's time' puts the accent on the urgency to act on the commitments made by global leaders to:
  - scale up access to prevention and treatment;
  - build accountability;
  - ensure sufficient and sustainable financing including for research;
  - promote an end to stigma and discrimination, and
  - promote an equitable, rights-based and people-centered TB response.



Working on the initiative of WHO, "Find. Treat. All. #EndTB" to accelerate the treatment of TB in rural villages. Its now a Time to talk but time for action! Its Time to End TB to achieve the objective of Indian Government by 2025. Health Check up Camp was organised where many of them participated.

This campaign basically covered the villages of Amethi. Coordinator Ram Karan told the Villagers to help in campaign and help in identifying the patients. He also told the types of TB and its symptoms.

- ✓ Latent TB. In this condition, you have a TB infection, but the bacteria remain in your body in an inactive state and cause no symptoms. Latent TB, also called inactive TB or TB infection, isn't contagious. It can turn into active TB, so treatment is important for the person with latent TB and to help control the spread of TB. An estimated 2 billion people have latent TB.
- ✓ **Active TB.** This condition makes you sick and, in most cases, can spread to others. It can occur in the first few weeks after infection with the TB bacteria, or it might occur years later.

Signs and symptoms of active TB include:

- Coughing that lasts three or more weeks
- Coughing up blood
- Chest pain, or pain with breathing or coughing
- Unintentional weight loss
- Fatigue
- Fever
- Night sweats
- Chills
- Loss of appetite
- **2. Tailoring and Stitching Programme:** Society providing a free tailoring, Stitching, cutting training programme to rural women who belong to poor, sections, widows and living below poverty line, so that they can self-dependent and increase their income. After training we also provide assistance to market their product like salwar, shits, lahanga etc. Also give assistance for purchasing raw material with minimum rates so that they can gain good profits.



**3. Legal Awareness programme:** Legal awareness program is observed on 11 Jan 2019. Workshop was organised in Saraykhema for Legal Awareness among the villagers on Human Rights. Manoj Kumar Srivastava, state coordinator told the villagers about United Nations Universal Declaration of Human Rights.

Marriage and Family. Every grown-up has the right to marry and have a family if they want to. Men and women have the same rights when they are married, and when they are separated.

**The Right to Your Own Things**. Everyone has the right to own things or share them. Nobody should take our things from us without a good reason.

**Freedom of Thought.** We all have the right to believe in what we want to believe, to have a religion, or to change it if we want.

**Freedom of Expression.** We all have the right to make up our own minds, to think what we like, to say what we think, and to share our ideas with other people.

The Right to Public Assembly. We all have the right to meet our friends and to work together in peace to defend our rights. Nobody can make us join a group if we don't want to.

**The Right to Democracy.** We all have the right to take part in the government of our country. Every grown-up should be allowed to choose their own leaders.

**Social Security.** We all have the right to affordable housing, medicine, education, and childcare, enough money to live on and medical help if we are ill or old.

Workers' Rights. Every grown-up has the right to do a job, to a fair wage for their work, and to join a trade union.

**The Right to Play.** We all have the right to rest from work and to relax.

to enjoy the good things that art, science and learning bring.

Food and Shelter for All. We all have the right to a good life. Mothers and children, people who are old, unemployed or disabled, and all people have the right to be cared for.

**The Right to Education.** Education is a right. Primary school should be free. We should learn about the United Nations and how to get on with others. Our parents can choose what we learn. **Copyright.** Copyright is a special law that protects one's own artistic creations and writings; others cannot make copies without permission. We all have the right to our own way of life and

**A Fair and Free World.** There must be proper order, so we can all enjoy rights and freedoms in our own country and all over the world.

**Responsibility.** We have a duty to other people, and we should protect their rights and freedoms. Pamphlets highlighting above practices were given to the students. Besides, stickers with imprints were pasted on the wall of villager's houses. The programme advocated the need for providing human rights education.



**4. International Environment Awareness Programme:** On 5th June 2018 International Environment Day was observed with a theme "Beat Plastic Pollution" in villages of Tandwa.

In the inaugural session by Coordinator Manoj Kumar, briefly introduced conservation network and highlighted the global responsibility that GoI has taken to combat plastic pollution, he discussed how SAHASH can work together to bring transformational change and contribute to the pledge of limiting the use of plastics.

Bindu Kashyap, General Secretary presented various

factual data sets for plastic waste generation due to improper waste:

- a. Every year the world uses 500 billion plastic bags.
- b. Each year, at least 8 million tonnes of plastic end up in the oceans, the equivalent of a full garbage trucks every minute.
- c. In the last decade, we produced more plastic than in the whole last century.
- d. 50 per cent of the plastic we use is single-use or disposable.
- e. We buy 1 million plastic bottles every minute.
- f. Plastic makes up 10% of all the waste we generate

Ram Bahadur told that disposal of plastic wastes from the office premises and residential colonies to be taken care to reduce the plastic pollution. We must work towards viable eco-friendly alternatives available requiring immediate replacement of all single use plastic items from the office set-up. He also focuses on development of environmental good practices across the globe which should be used by corporates.

In this workshop experts from various backgrounds shared about the impact of plastic pollution on the riverine and marine ecosystems and what technologies can be applied for proper management of plastic waste and their safe disposal during technical



**5. Literacy Programme:** On 29<sup>th</sup>Sep 2018 Literacy Month was celebrated on the theme "Literacy and Skills Development" at Munshiganj. General Secretary Bindu told the parents that the children are playing important role in building nation. Now girls are working in corporate like hospitals having different role as Doctors, Nurses, Lab Technician and assistant and many offices of the government and even in Défense services. So please provide education to your girl Child.

SAHASH Institute of Paramedical Sciences providing different skill development program such as Nursing Assistant, General Duty Assistant, Dental Assistant, Pharmacy Assistant and First Aid.

Small quiz contest was organised at our branch office to inspire the children for innovation. We have distributed the prizes that score Fist, second and third in science quiz.

Communication is a basic skill required to interact with fellow humans and to facilitate understanding when developing a society. While nearly every individual learns to communicate verbally, unfortunately not many get a chance for formal education. With the need to eradicate illiteracy in mind, we are celebrating the literacy month of the year "Skills" means knowledge, skills and competencies required for employment, careers and livelihoods, particularly technical and vocational skills, along with transferable and digital skills.

**5. Agriculture Programme**: On 23<sup>rd</sup>Dec 2018, Farmers Day were celebrated in the village Pindoriya Amethi to promote awareness to help and reward farmers for their contribution to society. On this day special topic was "**Earnings from Medicinal plants**". Here Dr. Rajendra Bind told the famers about schemes provided by the government for small, marginal farmers and landless. On this day special topic was "**Earnings from Medicinal plants**". Here Dr. Rajendra Bind told the famers about schemes provided by the government for small, marginal farmers and landless.



He told about the subsidies given by the government for cultivating medicinal plants. National Medicinal Plants Board provides the technical guidelines to cultivate the medicinal plants as well as schemes.

National Medicinal Plants Board also providing voluntary certificates in collaboration with the Quality Council of India (QCI), to produce medicinal plants. Herbal Gardens are promoted under the scheme to create awareness about traditional usage of medicinal plants. In the rapidly growing industry, there is a group of farmers' who are earning about Rs

3 lakh per acre, a figure that gives us a true outlook, when we consider that rice and wheat farming does not pay us more than Rs 30,000 per acre.

Ram Karan, CMAP certified farmer told that aromatic plants and herbs used in herbal medicines and personal care products are the key ingredients of this farm's high earnings. Shankhapushpi, Ateesh, kutki, kuth, kapikachhu, karanja are some of the herbs that mean little to the urban consumer but is a big source of income for some farmers. As per industry estimates, the herbal products market stands at Rs 50,000 crore. According to government data, land devoted to aromatic plants and herbs is still very small i.e. 6.34 lakh hectares out of the total currently cropped area of 1,058.1 lakh hectares. Even more significant are farmers' returns. A farmer who grows ateesh herb, mainly used in ayurvedic medicine can easily earn Rs2.5-3 lakh per acre. On the other hand, a lavender farmer can get Rs1.2-1.5 lakh returns per acre.

**7. Computer Training Programme:** Currently, SAHASH providing free computer training programme at Kurushetra to educate the children from beginning. Providing knowledge of basic concepts of computer and their peripheral. We mainly focus about how they can work and what are small tools like how they can check the result, model papers of their board. Small children can know anything what they want to know without asking others by simply typing their



8. Rural and Agricultural Development **Programme:** Capacity building programme on Education on Agricultural project "Rural Development (READ)" is carried continuously through which our volunteers' aware farmers about their rights and the Government policies implemented for them. Coordinator Uttar Pradesh Srivastava told the villagers about techniques and practices for cultivating crops. He added our

team working for you to aware about schemes and policies.

#### **OBJECTIVE OF 'READ':**

The main objective of this program is to make farmers aware of hybrid seeds that yield high productivity.

### **SALIENT FEATURES OF 'READ':**

To provide knowledge to farmers in the use of fertilizers in a limited way and to use compost and manure's in their fields so that the productivity of crops is good, and they do not include harmful chemicals such as those found in vegetables.

Cultivation of commercial crops such as vegetables, medicinal plants, peppermint plant, tulsi, banana, mushroom, rattan jyoti (a biogradable plant) and tell them about hybrid seed varieties in coordination with Agricultural Universities.

Train farmers in patterns of agriculture through a Workshop organized in coordination with Agricultural Universities.

Inform farmers about Agricultural insurance and also their Life insurance and in these the Govt. pays half of the money, Rs.100 & Rs.100 by the farmers themselves.

When accidents occur farmers get Rs.25000 and if fatal then Rs.50,000 is paid to their dependents.

Tell farmers to get the soil of their fields tested so that they can know what elements are in deficiency in the soil.

#### **BENEFICIARIES & RESULTS:**

- ☐ Thousands of farmers have taken up individual Life insurance and also started taking Crop insurance.
- ☐ Farmers have started cultivating commercial crops but not efficiently.
- ☐ Farmers have started testing the soil of their fields and are able to know the deficiency of elements and accordingly they provide the fertilizers to gain productivity of crops.

#### **DRAWBACK:**

Some farmers are still not able to test their soil and they require soil testing on the spot. So, we need a mobile soil testing lab to provide the soil test on the spot for farmers in the field.



**9.** Women's Empowerment Programme: Legal awareness program was observed on 8<sup>th</sup> March 2019.International Women's Day was observed with a theme " Think equal, build smart, innovate for change " by small workshops in villages of Tikri.

We focus on innovative ways in which we can advance gender equality and the empowerment of women, particularly in the areas of social protection systems, access to public services and sustainable infrastructure. Women's Day is a global day celebrating the social,

economic, cultural and political achievements of women - while also marking a call to action for accelerating gender balance. Campaign is the collective efforts of all who care about human rights. Keeping in mind we organised the workshop "Awareness on digital platform and rights".

Manoj Srivastava told about the different platform from where women can raise their voice against their exploitation in household, work place and public places. Security app for women as well as toll free numbers available for complaints in different institution in India.

**10. Safe Drinking Water and Sanitation Program:** National Deworming Day was observed on 10 February 2019. It aims to reach children aged 1- 19 years to treating intestinal worm infections. This campaign is to motivate the villagers to give deworming tablet Albendazole.

Intestinal parasitic worms are large multicellular organisms, which when mature can generally be seen with the naked eye. They are also known as Helminths. They are often referred to as intestinal worms even though not all helminths reside in the intestines. Parasitic worms in children interfere with nutrient uptake, and can contribute to anaemia, malnourishment, and impaired mental and physical development.

India carries the highest burden of worm infestation and 64% of Indian population less than 14 years of age are at risk of Soil Transmitted Helminths (STH) or worms' infestation

(WHO). The situation of undernutrition and anaemia which is linked to STH ranges from 40% to 70% in different population groups across the country (WHO). They also pose a serious threat to children's education and productivity later in life.

#### 11. Sports Programme:

National Youth Day was observed on 12 January 2019 being the birthday of Swami Vivekananda. On this day, our organisation organises a Cricket Tournament. We have decided a format of the tournament and define Tournament Rules and invited teams from different Blocks of Amethi.

Hired Umpires and board for displaying scores of each team. We have chosen 10 overs to play for each team as per time limit. We have given the name of tournament as SAHASH cricket league. A cricket league contains league matches and knockout. A cricket league is a good option if there are more number teams participating. Local cricketers play cricket with different types of balls, pitches and area. Different types of local tournaments are being played based on these factors.

Here we have decided team should use only pink leather balls and define color of the jersey, type of ball, intervals, code of conduct, the maximum number of players can have for one team, etc. Most of the sponsor are from local community and he wanted to get involved in local events in his area. This sponsor mostly interested in donating sports materials and improving the facilities for the tournament.

#### **Our Values:**

- We believe in and encourage creative expression and self-determination of rural poor children, farmers and women.
- We support women's freedom to make choices.
- We believe in building community through relationships, communication, and social commitment.
- We believe in the right to quality services delivered with respect and empathy.
- We believe in diversity that honours difference in age, culture, and social orientation.
- We believe in the right to safe, clean environment and corruption free society.

#### **Our partners:**

- Parmarth Seva Sansthan(U.P.)
- Yuva Gramya Vikas Samiti, Varanasi(U.P.)
- Pragati Paryavaran Samiti, Lucknow(U.P.)
- CIMAP Lucknow(U.P.)
- District Industry office ,Sultanpur(U.P.)
- NASSCOM Foundation
- GuideStar India
- CSO Partners, Chennai
- National Council of Rural Institutes (NCRI), Hyderabad (Ministry of HRD, Government of India)
- End Water Poverty

## Obstacle of the Year 2019 in implementation of program:

- Illiteracy and unity among the local community.
- Maximum level of population living under BPL.

- Land less population in the villagers among ST/SC.
- Unawareness of Law, schemes and policies of the government.
- Exploitation of the women farmers.
- 800 farmers able to increase income by training given to them.
- 200 women obtained or maintained sustainable income through employment or benefits.
- 400 Children of rural villages can improve their knowledge through our practices of making education with charts, models and toys.
- 1 support the girls for education through social media campaign.
- 300 girls accessed educational opportunities through vocational training Centres.

#### **Ahead Program:**

In the coming year SAHASH aims to bring about more focus and depth in its interventions, thus improving the services offered. With the restructuring in its approach, it would also attempt to face the challenges of resources in the Sector, investments and overall need of strengthening the sector. The areas of focus for next year are:

- 1. Constituting a SHG's of fisherman community in northern states for strengthening them with awareness of fisheries schemes as well as technology used for fishing.
- 2. National Campaign as "Empower the Farmer who are rearing Animals and marketing their products through network."
- 3. Develop self-dependent among the women's in villages belonging to ST/SC/OBC/BPL.
- 4. To improve the literacy in the rural irrespective of gender.
- 5. Advocacy of law, Act and policies related exploitation of women, violence against women and children.
- 6. Create the opportunities for employment by strengthening the vocation training programs as per industry needs like Health Care and others.

**Financial Contribution:** Society for Animal Health Agriculture Science and Humanity receives contribution and donations from the helping partners and different societies, friends, members which is main source of income our society which helps to achieve the objectives of society and welfare programmes.

**Other Information:** We thanks to our partners, trusts, school's personal donors and promoters who directly and indirectly helps Society for Animal Health Agriculture Science and Humanity.

We heartily thanks to all who helps in all respect to Society for Animal Health Agriculture Science and Humanity.

In reference to donations and contributions: Society for Animal Health Agriculture Science and Humanity works for the welfare of society. Society for Animal Health Agriculture Science and Humanity receives donations to fulfill our objectives. Please sent a draft and check in favor of Society for Animal Health Agriculture Science and Humanity, Munshiganj.

#### Contact us:

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